

Charles

Bare

ITALIAN SOCIETY of CARDIOLOGY

PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE

Dear Colleagues and Friends,

the captain desk of the Italian Society of Cardiology (SIC) is the proper stage to underline the mixed feelings generated by the good results obtained on one side and to look, at the same time, toward the steps still needed to pave the way for the unity of Italian Cardiology. In less than two years, I have witnessed a number of significant accomplishments in the SIC: 1. The intense relationships and interactions between members of Board, Working Groups, ad-hoc Committees and Regional Chapters, are there to document how the life of SIC has greatly changed;

2. The interoperability with other cardiac societies in Europe and in Italy (*in primis*, ANMCO) has brought clearcut results, such as the privilege to have two Italians nominated for the Presidency of ESC. Likely and hopefully, one of them will succeed in this race that proofs how the unity of Cardiologists is not an idea *per se* but rather a needed and a rational step to have our role recognized in Europe, in order to improve quality of life of citizens;

3. Thanks to a number of focussed initiatives, the image of SIC has profoundly improved so that our efforts are, indeed, helpful and effective, to gain appreciation by the Cardiologists around the world;

4. A newly organized Press and Public Relationship Office has brought external visibility to reasonable and acceptable levels also for the great public and for young students;

5. The Bylaws were modified, based of a scale of universal values where patient care, education and research appear as key, strictly interconnected, pillars of our profession;

6. The boundaries of SIC have been pro-actively opened up and members' expertise is available to institutions involved in scientific and medical progress, biomedical and pharmaceutical industries included. This approach should be a must for us, as scientists, doctors and citizens as well. In fact, National Research Council, private and public Research Centres, Scientific Associations and Foundations, Superior Schools, Scientific Parks, Research Companies and Professional Societies offer valid alternatives and complementary pathways to talented people in order to reach and express levels of excellence;

7. The annual congresses of SIC has become a real opportunity for updating Physicians, Researchers, Cardiologists, etc, in an appropriate scenario where also new research projects can be discussed with Experts and Luminaries. Moreover, the choice of speakers in any of the SIC meetings has been inspired to objective criteria in order to grant excellence in the knowledge of cardiovascular disease; 8. A lot of attention has been paid as well to teach practical cardiological issues, since the transfer of theoretical expertise is essential in clinical practice, mainly for Colleagues working in peripheral settings. *European Guidelines* have been systematically discussed in regional meetings, to let them spread out, just like water in the soil that diffuses through several capillaries.

9. With the aim to let good ideas blossom up and evolve toward scientific achievements, a number of interdisciplinary networks were activated and consolidated, such as the project *SIC Ricerca Giovani*. By this, we all aim to create a dynamic, crystalclear, system based on solid values where something is taken from young people, but much more is given to them.

10. Relative to recruitment, a grid of objective parameters based on a scale of values - has been approved in order to avoid that any modern *Tyrant*, either junior or senior, nominates his horse *Senator in the Forum*, as *Caligula* did at the time of Roman Empire: a risk that we cannot bear.

In a global world, where competition is meant to peacefully improve the quality of life of an increasing number of people, we need not only unity in our own countries, but also a common effort at European level in order to tackle major issues in cardiology. Such an effort toward an Italian National Society of Cardiology is worth not only to become effective on scientific, academic and medical bases, but also to persuade politicians that funding research activities and prevention initiatives - as well as education at any stage is a positive action that does pay back at once, in the middle and in the long run. Moreover, given the substantial difficulties for the great majority of countries, we should aim to create value by means of the genius loci, in this case the Italian Genius; thus, we should encourage young scientists to focus on major issues for cardiovascular research, such as women and heart diseases, among the others.

Just the relevance of hurdles in the field (scarce governmental money, need to widespread not only meritocracy but also democracy, not only healthcare at sustainable costs but also transfer of knowledge in clinical practice), should be the solid evidence to search unity of Cardiology in Italy. In fact, a constellation of complex networks, both at university and non-university levels, are needed to obtain great advances in the cardiological field, to be ready for global competition and to be respected by the international community. With this approach in mind, we will effectively implement our profession, either in the universities, in the hospitals or anywhere. Therefore, altogether we have to bring Cardiology on the proper track of universal values, where patient care, education and research are the milestones that grant a better future for young people and, thus, a better image for a whole country. Please, accept these thoughts as warm wishes for a fruitful future that,

I am sure, will come only if long vision, accountability, intelligence, g o o d w i l l, enthusiasm and a hearty passion will be put in the field by each of us.

> Maria Grazia MODENA President of SIC

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24 September 2006

The World Heart Federation (WHF) - as in previous years - promotes **WORLDWIDE DAY FOR THE HEART** on the topic "How young is your heart? How to maintain it young?".

On the **24th of September 2006** (the last Sunday of the month) the *Italian Federation of Cardiology* (FIC) - as active member of the WHF and in order to represent Italian Cardiology as a whole - will take care of unitarian promotions and educational activities.

Within the WORLDWIDE DAY FOR THE HEART, the initiatives will be actively supported also by all the medical scientific societies which are affiliated to the FIC, and by *Conacuore*. Among the various events, the Board of SIC not only has enthusiastically adhered to the *Worldwide Day for the Heart*, but it will also take directly care of two specific promotions:

1. Open Cardiology: Cardiac university centers will be opened to any people, in order to undertake cardiac exams, second opinions, etc. To make these initiatives more effective also on educational ground, several audiovisual materials will be continuously projected,

to let people get information on major issues of prevention,

diagnosis, therapy and rehabilitation of cardiac diseases. Moreover, this will be also a great opportunity for interested people to know more about research

projects in Cardiology. 2. **Focus**

on the Elderly: considering the

HEART FOR LIFE population aging, it has been planned to setup a special initiative directly at the sites where elder people spend, peacefully, their days. Therefore, young cardiologists, trainees in the Specialty Schools and junior scientists will go and visit aged people in nursing homes, protected houses. residential homes, etc. not only to pay visit to them but also to examine their cardiac status.

1: In the context of ESC and World Congress of Cardiology 2006 - two events that play an institutional role to serve medical communities - which are the main issues for Cardiology nowadays?

As anybody else committed to Cardiology, but mainly as former President of FIC* and ANMCO** - as well as sincere friend of SIC*** - I see four critical issues that are to be faced both in Italy and worldwide:

a) *FRAGMENTED CARDIOLOGY*: the risk is a gamut of *diaspora's*, such as interventional services linked to imaging departments (depts), cardiac care units engulfed in intensive care depts, cardiac rehabilitation embedded into general rehabilitation depts and whatever remains... diluted in internal medicine depts, with a bit of non-invasive flavor. This will result in a lack of continuity of patient care, in a splintering of diagnostic-therapeutic highways into unconnected pathways, generating segmentation of cardiology into sub-specialities with a lot of cardiovascular interest dispersed in the archipelago of general medicine. Cardiology might end as a discipline, loosing clinical and scientific identity, and Cardiologists might disappear as figures who are the solid professional reference for patients with heart diseases.

b) CHRONICITY OF DISEASE: this problem represents a challange to the inadequacies of both the structures and the functionalities of healthcare systems. In other words, who is going to establish and maintain diagnostic-therapeutic pathways and standards for chronic diseases such as ischemic heart disease and heart failure, being these conditions characterized by phases of instability and intercritical periods? Who, thus, will maintain continuity of care in settings that need a variety of medical settings and several specific therapeutic approaches? In order to fulfil these emerging needs of healthcare systems, we must answer such questions.

c) CHRONIC WEAKNESS IN PREVENTION: either primary or secondary prevention strategies require courageous and altruistic political decisions that we all are short of, since those who do sow will not be the reapers. Despite all, the lack of investments in prevention is - indeed - a great mistake.

d) INCREASING COST FOR HEALTHCARE: this problem is linked to the sluggish trend in the economy of Western countries, which cannot proportionally fulfil the real health demand Italy makes no exception, and due to this scarcity, the technological disciplines such as cardiology will suffer a lot.

2: How can we tackle these critical issues, at least in Italy?

The key point is a positive action toward the unity of Cardiologists. If we want to grow up as a professional community - and become effective, either directing or influencing healthcare



choices at local, regional, national and international levels - we must work together, in particular in the European Society of Cardiology. Unity is the essential root to feed a much needed strategy for keeping Cardiology as a whole, capable to grant the proper and cost-effective services to patients and to each country. This result may be achieved only if we

refer to some models and, consequently, put forward sound projects.

3: IIs there any milestone already put in place in Italy?

We are proud that some steps have been made, such as the merging of Cardiology Journals in Italy that can be considered great achievements made in synergy: in fact, published outputs are an essential part, voice and identity, of a medical-scientific society. Moreover, the preparation of 2 documents on *Structure and Functional Organization of Cardiology* gave visibility to another facet of our efforts to propose a functional model of public healthcare; these documents were friendly created by the productive collaboration of several ANMCO and SIC Colleagues.

4: What steps are needed in the near future, in your opinion? There are three major steps which are to be achieved, in the near future, not necessarily in a strict chronological sequence. The first step is to share the organizational instruments for cooperative research, such as the ANMCO Study Center, already rich of excellent capacities both for international standards and for operative skills. Universities and National Research Council, Foundations, etc, could offer other tools to be shared by any national cardiological society, given the willingness to undertake major studies in synergy. I am sure that any society will be glad to share its jewels with all the cardiac communities, if all we believe in the final goal. This should be the proper Italian answer to the hurdles which might be found, likely, in the field. ANMCO is ready for this step.

The second step is to create, together, an unique Foundation for all the cardiovascular area as a whole, linked to but not directed by the medical-scientific societies. It would raise more funds, (let's dream of a **Telethon in Heart Disease** for major research issues), but also it would enhance and enpower the educational activity in all areas of cardiovascular prevention.

The third step is to share practical training, educational activities such as *e-learning* (FAD) and annual congresses. Scientific meetings are a critical and thorny point in this context, since national congresses are a main pond of resources for all Societies. A unified annual congress could be managed alternatively by each society, dividing the revenues on the basis of crystalclear criteria, inspired to a shared scale of values. Congress spaces could be shared and assigned by each societies and so on, for other issues to deal with in the agenda.

5: Do you foresee stumbling blocks for this strategic vision?

I am sure that to achieve these objectives, we must be aware that finding a solution depends - strictly - on the willingness of all cardiac societies to reach the final goal of unity. I see challenges (the 4 issues mentioned above have an universal impact) rather than hard blocks.

6: Are you thinking to a specific algorytm to follow?

In order to be closer to unification, for each sector or clinical area, the society might aim to a structure similar to the Associations of the *European Society of Cardiology*, granting large autonomy and, at the same time, bearing great compatibility with the administrative and institutional bodies of the ESC. With such an organization, a National Cardiology Society would have great potentials, wider spaces and more opportunities for everyone, not only in Italy and in Europe but also worldwide. It is a difficult task, but not an impossible one!

7: The history travels on the people's mind and walks on...?

A decisional leap is to be taken by charismatic figures capable to create a mutual trust in the Italian cardiac societies, bringing in energies and enthusiasm, just enough to lead them through a firm process of a radical transformation. Perseverance is also needed as well as attention, time, work, courage (tons of), patience and determination, in addition to a strong vision toward clearcut objectives which, in turn, will require flexibility for the intermediate steps. Around the Italian corner, but not only, we strongly need mutual trust, good common sense and a scale of shared values, all used with a touch a Renaissance skill. Hopefully, we will be able to find these talents and these attributes within us in order to look ahead to build step after step synergically, and on a firm ground. If not, isn't it worth trying, anyway?

* FIC: Italian Federation of Cardiology (the sum of the 2 numbers below)

** ANMCO: Associazione Nazionale Medici Cardiologi Ospedalieri (5.500 members, about)

*** SIC: Società Italiana di Cardiologia (2854 members)

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Background and Future

It is for me a privilege and a pleasure to give the official blessing of the *Italian Federation of Cardiology* (FIC) to this comprehensive overview of the activities, significant achievements and programs of the *Italian Society of Cardiology* (SIC).

SIC was founded on 1935 as the first Italian association of cardiologists and played the key role in the separation of Cardiology from Internal Medicine as a distinct, independent branch.

Then, on 1963 the association of Italian hospital cardiologists (ANMCO) was created, to satisfy the rapidly expanding needs of the practice of cardiology.

Subsequently, the progressive developments and differentiation of technical and of clinical aspects of cardiovascular medicine fostered the creation of several working groups and cardiological scientific subspecialty societies, some of which originated from SIC or ANMCO, some with a mixed, common origin and others largely independent from ANMCO and SIC.

Such remarkable, multifaceted, growth of Italian cardiology reflects the growing burden of cardiovascular diseases and the formidable success in their diagnosis, treatment and prevention.

However, rapid and massive growth inevitably tends to generate fragmentation.

In 1998, wise leaders of ANMCO and SIC - with lucid foresight - had the vision of the immense potential that Italian cardiology could acquire if presenting itself united, with a single voice: thus, a single Journal was created the *Italian Heart Journal* and the *Italian Federation of Cardiology* was becoming a reality.



Italian Federation of Cardiology - FIC Administrative Secretariat

Valentina MARTINOTTI

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I always shared this vision and now, during these first two years spent as President of FIC, I have seen

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it gradually maturing, with a friendly constructive attitude of SIC and ANMCO and a strong desire of subspecialty scientific societies to become constructive within FIC.

H)

The *miracle* of the fusion of ANMCO and SIC has been the cornerstone of this vision, which may require some statutory changes, in order to adapt to changing times: one proof of potential flexibility was the change from the *Italian Heart Journal* to the *Journal of Cardiovascular Medicine*.

Thus, I am fully committed to devote all my efforts to the pursuit of this vision, reinforced by the inspired, enlightened message of the President of SIC, Maria Grazia MODENA, and by the wisdom of the Past President of FIC, Luigi TAVAZZI.

The time has really come, now, to make the immense political power of a united cardiovascular world clearly visible for:

1. Optimising clinical cardiovascular practice

Cardiologists must have their saying in defining the strategies of the healthcare economics as cardiovascular expenditure represents the largest fraction of healhcare costs.

2. Organizing cardiovascular professional training

Cardiologists must define the optimal training programmes and needs of trainees, and certificate learning standards.

3. Promoting cardiovascular research

Only joining forces, we will develop a collective <u>cardiovascular</u> <u>research fund raising organization</u>, such as Cancer Research or Telethon.

SIC should be complimented for this initiative, which shows what goodwill and dedication can

do. ANMCO and scientific subspecialty societies will follow this example. FIC is here to coordinate and harmonize efforts.

Fighting together for ambitious goals is more productive, pleasant and rewarding than arguing among each other!

Attilio MASERI President

Italian Federation of Cardiology





For a pink dream, a good start will be the Marathon on the Woman Heart, in Rome at the opening of Italian Congress of Cardiology, 16 December 2006.

In women, relative to men, the descriptive epidemiological features of coronary artery disease (CAD) are just different. On average, at the time of clinical presentation, women who have CAD are older than men by at least 5 years. Commonly, women have different symptoms of coronary disease than men, and tests to detect ischemia operate differently in women than in men. Women often miss out on lifesaving diagnoses and treatments for heart disease, even though it kills them more often than any other illness.

Outcomes in women with CAD are generally reported to be worse than those in men, with higher case fatality rates in hospital and after discharge. Some investigators attributed poorer outcomes in women to older age alone. In addition, some studies have suggested that women do receive less intense approaches to treatment than men, once they are recognized as having CAD. It is also speculated that delay in treatment of women contributes to poorer outcomes.

Some recent, and troubling, findings include the fact that only a third of women who are at high risk for heart disease do get statins or other cholesterol-lowering medications, as well as many women who would benefit from cardiac imaging tests for screening heart disease are just not getting them. Women are less likely than men to get preventive recommendations by doctors. Do physicians, of all specialties, perceive that heart disease risk in women is lower in men?

We really need increase awareness in women of their risks of heart disease, as well as their expectations for what they're going to get at the doctor's office. We need to spread out education for primary care physicians, internists, gynecologists and, even, cardiologists. We do need a call for action, based on a group of researchers strongly devoted to the issue of cardiac diseases in woman.

Thave a pink dream

As a matter of facts, many issues are unresolved.

Recent evidence shows that there are outcome differences between men and women that persist even after improved adherence to treatment algorithms. Thus, while we certainly need to reduce treatment disparities, we also need to learn a bit more about any biological differences that may contribute to poorer outcomes in women with CAD. By improving awareness of heart disease symptoms in women, we will obtain earlier treatment, searched for soon after the onset of symptoms and, therefore, women will improve their recognition of heart disease risks. The increase in life expectancy of women nowadays (constantly growing up more than in men) is creating the complicated and the fragile elder patient which have an incredible impact on healthcare and on social aspects of the whole Western world.

Finally, there is a need to improve our understanding on the effects of estrogens. The receptors of these drugs are now under close scrutiny for new properties and new interactions.

call for action

In order to learn more of such issues, we need collaboration of all researchers around the world, and the feedbacks received from members and non members of Italian Society of Cardiology, showing interest and enthusiasm, are encouraging.

The joint efforts of all scientific societies are welcome and also necessary to develop a wide-range, multidisciplinary study group on cardiac diseases in women, where initiatives should be taken also to pay a special tribute to women. All this may be seen as a milestone in the history of Italian Society of Cardiology and a pathway traced to renovate - in addition to its bylaws and its scale of values - also its research policy, a trademark which cannot stay still in a scientific society which must face global challenges. We count on your support and enthusiasm for this ... pink dream!

> Maria Grazia MODENIA President Italian Society of Cardiology

in Alphabetic order

Full Professors of Cardiology

2006 CONGRESS OF THE ITALIAN SOCIETY OF CARDIOLOGY

The 67th Congress of the SIC will take place from the 16th to the 19th of December 2006 in Rome, at the Cavalieri Hilton Hotel. The Congress Committee has finalized a scientific program that will optimally respond to the needs of updating Cardiologists and other Participants, providing a wide overview of latest discoveries, with discussion and debates on the most controversial and emerging Cardiovascular topics. Some highlights include Joint Symposia with the ESC and the AHA (Council of Basic Science), a symposium on the European Guidelines and several top level lectures on the complex or unsolved problems, as well as novel treatments of cardiovascular diseases.

The SIC Congress will involve young Cardiologists, Fellows and Physicians with several interactive modalities. Oral sessions for original communications will be either introduced or closed by prominent Scientists with Keynote Lectures on the specific topic. A full-day course is dedicated to cardiovascular disease in women. Clinical How-to-Sessions and Courses with practical exercises will address Hot Topics in order to enhance the participations of Young Cardiologists.

A mention of gratitude goes to WG's, that contributed to the program by selecting the original contributions and providing experts for Keynotes Lectures during the abstract sessions.

Basic research and teaching are the two areas in which SIC is largely involved for its expertise as well as for its institutional role: myocyte physiology, cellular biology and signalling, stem cells and other topics will be highlighted in several sessions, including Breaking News on Italian Research in top journals. More than 20 original contributions were submitted for 2006 session, certifying the high quality of research within the SIC. Teaching-related issues and socio-economic aspects will be discussed for Young Cardiologists' education, as essential requisites for the cardiologic subspecialties. The role of individual knowledge and the proper way to consider cost/benefit ratio - as well as the economic aspects of clinical choices and treatment - will be extensively discussed in the program. A guided discussions in a large exhibition area will emphasize the Poster Sessions while one day will be devoted for the traditional professional Courses for Techinicians and Nurses.

The scientific results of Young Investigators applying for grants and awards will be presented.

Our

endeavour has been to set up an highquality

Congress, tailoring it for the growing cultural and educational needs of Cardiology. Thus, we look forward to seeing you in Rome next December!

MASSIMO VOLPE,

Chairman Committee The 67th Congress of SIC



www.sicardiologia.it/wsc2006



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67th CONGRESS of SIC

ARRHYTHMIAS

Symposia

Atrial fibrillation in patients with heart failure

- New perspectives and approaches for interventional electrophysiology

different - Cardiac emergencies: models of management

- Risk of arrhythmias and indications for ICD implantation in post-MI

Lectures

"STATE OF THE ART Lecture" - Sudden death: from secondary to primary prevention

Thematic Lectures

- Electric defibrillation in the case of cardiac arrest due to ventricular fibrillation without ICD

Ablation in ventricular tachycardia: limits and perspectives

- Junctional permanent reciprocating reentry tachycardia: an uncommon rhythm disturbance

Debates

- Sudden death outside the hospital: early electric defibrillation performed at home/on-site

- Treatment of cardiac arrhythmias: comparing strategies

- Treatment of idiopathic AF

- Treatment of ventricular tachycardia

CONGENITAL HEART DISEASES, COR PULMONALE and PULMONARY HYPERTENSION

Symposia

- Congenital heart diseases - Controversies in pulmonary
- embolism - Headache and bubbles in the brain: the need to close Patent Foramen Ovale

Lectures "LEONARDO DA VINCI Lecture"

- Pulmonary thromboendarectomy: powerful surgical instrument for chronic thromboembolic pulmonary disease

"STATE OF THE ART Lecture" Tetralogy of Fallot in third millenium

Thematic lectures

Psychological problems and cognitive alterations in GUCH community

Therapeutic algorithms and combination therapies in treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension

ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE

Symposia

- Coronary revascularization and natural history of ischemic heart disease
- Hybernating myocardium: opening the horizons - New perspectives in percutaneous revascularization
- Use and limits of new tecnique for coronary imaging
- Net-based management of patient with acute MI Magnetic Resonance to assess acute MI patients

- "Myocardial infarction" with otherwise healthy coronary arteries: the problem of corrected etiopathogenetic diagnosis

Coronary angioplasty: any limit at all?

Redefining Intensive Coronary Care Units Lectures

"GIOVANNI MARIA LANCISI Lecture" - Coronary microvascular dysfunction: pathophysiology and clinical relevance

"ANDREA CESALPINO Lecture"

How to sessions - Interventional cardiology - Diagnostic-therapeutical ways in ACS:

MAGISTER Lecture

Title to be defined

MAGISTER Lecture

"FEATURED Lecture"

- Ischemic heart disease

certainty and doubts

A biological coronary by-pass

- Gender differences in the management and

- Unstable plaque and activation of immune

system: toward a vaccine to prevent infarction?

- Robotics in hemodynamic labs to implant DES

- Prognostic value of inflammatory markers

in chronic IHD: only C-Reactive protein?

- Physical exercise and cardiovascular risk

- Acute Coronary Symdromes: plaque or

patient vulnerable? - Should all patients with ACS without ST-

segment elevation undergo coronarography?

clinical outcome of stable angina

Thematic lectures

"STATE OF THE ART Lecture'

GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Lectures

Debates

- Novel mechanisms for the secondary prevention of ischemic heart diseases

cardiomyopathies: - Dilatative clinical implications of the recent discoveries in genetics and molecular biology

- Molecular mechanisms in the pathophisiology of myocardial hypertrophy

Translational research in inherited heart diseases: is it time to transfer benefits of basic research to the patients? A practical message

methods in detective thriller "STATE OF THE ART Lecture" Growth factors and gene therapy in angiogenesis

between clinical reasoning and investigative

White coat and finger-prints: analogies

Thematic Lecture

MASTER Lecture

MASTER Lecture

the neuromuscular diseases

Thematic lectures

How to sessions

- Stem cells and MI: regeneration or paracrine effect?

Natriuretic peptides in HF: from Andes to Appennines

Stem cell & CV diseases: human clinical trials

Resynchronization therapy: update on a new approach

Cardiomyopathies and cardiac alterations in

Little known aspects of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

CARDIAC INSUFFICIENCY / CARDIOMYOPATHY / PERICARDITIS "STATE OF THE ART Lecture"

Symposia

Symposia

- Heart Failure in Europe: Italian contribution Functional assessment of patients with diastolic HF
- Usefulness of endomyocardial biopsy in
- diagnostic definition of the cardiomyopathies Inflammation and HF
- Transition from cardiac remodeling toward HF
- Resynchronization: a resource for all pts with HF?

Pericarditis

Lectures

MASTER Lecture

Classification of cardiomyopathies in the era of molecular medicine

ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Symposia

hypertension: an up-to-date

How to sessions

Cardiovascular risk stratification in patients with hypertension

VALVULOPATHIES

- Surgery of HF

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- Dyspnea Management in Emergency Department
- Symposia Mechanism of cardiovascular damage in

67th CONGRESS of SIC

NEW TECHNOLOGIES, IMAGING and TELECARDIOLOGY

Symposia

- Cardiac function and coronary microcirculation in diabetic cardiomyopathy

- Indications and limits of the CAT scanning to study coronary vessels

- Added value of cardiac MR in pts with acute MI

- Heart and aorta as embolic sources: role of echo

- Telecardiology: from experience on territory to guidelines Thematic lectures

- Use of tests with imaging in the early diagnosis of coronaropathy in subjects with high cardiovascular risk

- Diastolic dysfunction by Doppler study: past, present and future - Longitudinal systolic LV dysfunction: comparing M-mode, tissue pulsed Doppler and color M-mode of mitralic ring *How to sessions*

- Nuclear medicine

- Role of echocardiography for selecting and follow-up of candidates to ventricular resynchronization therapy

AD HOC SESSIONS for NURSES, for CADIOVASCULAR TECHNICIANS and for CARDIOVASCULAR PERFUSION TECHNICIANS

1. Role of paramedical personel in the management of complex clinical cases in:

- coronary care units

stress echo laboratory

- hemodynamic laboratory

pace-maker laboratory

2. Paramedical personel is essential in:

- echo laboratory

- the management of both

rehabilitation and cardiovascolar prevention

- electrophisiology laboratory

- hemodynamic laboratory

3. Caring of HF patients at home: - organizing an network outside the hospital - implementing/integrating telemedicine in Public Health System

- role of the nurses in the team oncharge of HF patients outside the hospital

4. How paramedical personel will change in the new millenium

new accontability in heart institutions
the role in the quality processes

- the role in the clinical research setting (data entry and data management).

- the future educational requirements: which suggestions for which targets?

MARATHON HEART and WOMAN

SATURDAY 16 DECEMBER 2006 HOTEL CAVALIERI HILTON C Room - h 10.30 - 17.30

CARDIOVASCULAR PREVENTION and NON CORONARY ARTERIOPATHIES

Symposia - Carotid disease

- Pharmacologico-clinical aspects of cardiovascular prevention
- Metabolic syndrome. Italian perspective
- Global risk: how to reduce it?
- Evaluation of cardiac risk in non cardiac surgery
- Inflammation and cardiovascular disease
- Heart and physical exercise
- Lox/Loxina system in unstable plaque

Lectures

MASTER Lecture

- Cardiac surgeon and aortic root dilatation
- "GIOVANNI BATTISTA MORGAGNI Lecture"
- Metalloproteinases in arterial disease

Thematic lectures

- Molecular mechanisms of vascular damage in diabetes

- Cost of vascular disease: the more you spend, the less you spend

FINSIC: a branch of SIC

Created years ago by SIC and recently updated (see art. 14 of statute of SIC), *FINSIC srl* is an operative financial branch meant to support SIC which has to deal mainly with scientific iusses, in analogy to other societies of this kind.

Once decisions have been taken by the Board of SIC, its financial branch will help to organize the planned activities, and operates to promote communication and to widespread information on the events in Italian Cardiology.

Therefore, with such scopes, *FINSIC srl* does implement congresses, meetings, seminars, educational courses for continuous medical updating of professionals and any other initiative capable to promote knowledge as well as progress of Cardiology. In addition, *FINSIC srl* is functional to SIC for: a)publishing journals, periodicals, books and audiovisual programs;

b) publicity and public relationships enhancement, within available media;

c) administrative and secretarial services.

President of FINSIC is Massimo CHIARIELLO.



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Vittorio SGARBI: an outstanding Scholar talking to Cardiologists on the HEART in the Art

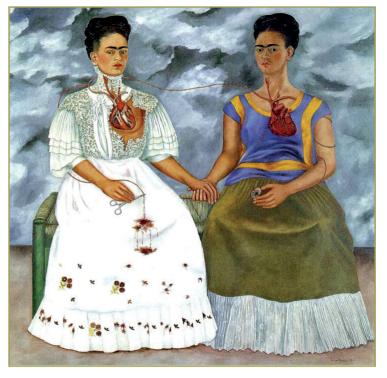
A superb lecture was given by Vittorio SGARBI at the Opening Session of 2005 Congress of SIC in Rome. He spoke of the HEART as a symbol of life, of love, of positive as well as absolute values that may be, also, a symbol of pain and desperation.

No other organ, said SGARBI, has been celebrated by poets and depicted by painters, in any age, more than the HEART. Poets and painters do celebrate the HEART in different fashions but always as a metaphor of life and the state of the human.

Walking along the centuries, and going from painter VELASQUEZ to other holy paintings dealing with the HEART, Vittorio SGARBI did land on Frida KAHLO's famous painting The Two Fridas (1939, Museo de Arte Moderno, Mexico City - Mexico): she depicted two sitting women (herself) with visible heart, just to describe the HEART as a clear symbol of the DOUBLE: love and desperation.

On one side, in this self-portrait, Frida appears in a traditional costume, with a healthy and integral HEART as a symbol of certainty, love and self-confidence. On the other, wearing a wedding dress, Frida shows a broken heart, symbol of doubts and melancholy.

> As the HEART is utilized, often metaphorically, with a meaning that is far away from its real anatomic and



physiologic functions; as a matter of fact, each of us puts in the HEART the value of emotions, feelings as well as availability toward others. Surely, in a common thinking, the word HEART is never linked to diseases of any kind. In the ordinary considerations of human sensitivity, the only diseases attributed to the HEART are those related to love and to spiritual suffering. Therefore, the physical diseases of the HEART do represent an unforeseen and esoteric variance.

N.B.

The entire recording of Vittorio SGARBI's lecture at the 2005 Congress of Italian Society of Cardiology will be available - under high-quality audio format - in the CD distributed with the present booklet. It may be, as well, requested by sending a formal application to: SIC, Scientific Secretariat, via Po 24, 00198 ROME - Italy segreteriascientifica@sicardiologia.it



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MASTERS: a jump on and a dive in

In order to fulfil the need to expand the basic knowledge in CV diseases, gained during the Speciality Schools, SIC is sponsoring a gamut of high-quality University Masters, rich of theoretical teaching and practical training for a period of one or two years. Ideal candidates for these Masters are young doctors, either from Italy or from abroad, who have completed the specialty in Cardiology or in Internal Medicine though, in some instances, other degrees are very welcome due to the high-tech and interdisciplinary involvements of all the subspeciality fields of Cardiology. Theoretical lessons and seminars are, usually, held at the University sites which coordinate the Master, while practical activities are undertaken in qualified centres of different cities of the same region or even abroad, as in the case of MIUCA. Experts in the field will provide tutorship for the practical activities. Learning processes - as well as level of knowledge in each specific topic - will be periodically assessed with formal testing and exams

Ultrasonic imaging has gained an outstanding importance in cardiology, as it offers fundamental tools for the diagnosis of nature, extension and evolution of various pathologies with a non invasive and inexpensive approach. This first level Master - a fallout of INTERNATIONALIZATION OF STUDIES IN EUROPE project - aims to provide new expertise in the field of ultrasound in cardiology. Dominated by expensive and complex systems, medical imaging is causing an increasing cost of healthcare; thus, in the near future echocardiography will likely expand its role since it is the least expensive imaging technique, but also the smallest portable, free of ionising radiations as well as repeatable at short time intervals. Creation of new expertise and new professional figures in ultrasonic methods, given the fast improvement in technology will facilitate more efficient diagnoses and therapies, with consequent benefits for patients and favourable impact on healthcare costs as a whole. Topics of the Master will cover: anatomy, physiology, hemodynamics for ultrasound applied to cardiology, Knowledge Management in Echocardiography Labs, Computer Technology applied to ultrasonic technologies, Cardiac and vascular applications of Ultrasound techniques of diagnosis and therapies. The requirement of admission is a Degree in Medicine, Biology, Engineering, Chemistry, Physics and Computer Science. The Master lasts one year, starting October 2006, and provides with 60 credits CFU (1500 hrs of formal lessons, practical activities, case studies, workshops). Lessons will take place in the former Convent of Cappuccini in Mesagne, where Teachers and Students will be hosted, creating a nice

Within an integrated vision of Cardiology, this Master in deals with arrhythmia - from cell to bedside - and does focus on relevant data from scientific, clinical and practical points of view, as a post-specialty education. A new edition of this Master of one year duration will started on the Academic Year 2007/2008, starting November 2007 and lasting one year. Target audience is a medical degree and a Specialty in Cardiology or Internal Medicine or equivalent academic qualifications obtained abroad, limited to 14 people. A tiny extra number will be reserved to doctors already working in cardiac Institutions. Teaching consist of 8 hrs of theoretical teaching per week in Varese while practical activities taking place in 7 different EPL in Lombardia Region, where students will be hosted and tutored. Weekly seminars are scheduled with International consultants. Enrollment fee is euro 4,000.00 each year, but a Scholarship of Euro 24,000.00 will be

at the University Centres. Within the Master, every candidate has to design a study protocol, collect data, discuss the results and prepare a manuscript suitable for

publication in peer-reviewed international journals. There is a fee to pay for attendance, and a competition to pass in order to be admitted. However, in a few Masters it is possible to obtain a grant that pays back, partially or totally, the expenses and the cost of living at the university or at hospital site or at the research center where the Master is held.



interdisciplinary environment of people with different age and expertise. The Fee, as a contribution of each student, is euro 3.250,00. However, being sponsored and partially funded by Pisa University and by MIUR, via an European project, students of MIUCA will be covered for their trips and for their stays at European University Center where they will perform stages and practical trainings. In fact, proposed by the University of Pisa, the Master is implemented in collaboration with and thanks to the University of Lecce, IFC-CNR Pisa and Lecce, ISBEM of Brindisi, Athens University Onassis Centre (Greece), Cardiff University in Wales (United Kingdom), Free University of Amsterdam (Netherlands), and the Mesagne City and Brindisi Province Administrations. The **deadline** for application form is 2006, September 22nd Contacts: ISBEM (Istituto Scientifico Biomedico Euro Mediterraneo) - Cittadella della Ricerca - S.S. 7 per Mesagne Km 7+300 - 72100 Brindisi - Italia Tel. +39-0831-507545-354354 Fax +39-0831-507541, Email: mastermiuca@isbem.it, distante@isbem.it



INTERNATIONAL MASTER ON ULTRASOUND IN CARDIOLOGY (MIUCA) University of Pisa www.unipi.it - www.isbem.it

granted to admitted students who will provide full time attendance. In addition to regular participants, 15 students with specific qualifications, can attend single theoretical modules and practical sessions, after agreement with the teacher-in-charge. A profit certificate with relative credits will be issued, after passing an ad hoc examination. Each participant has an insurance coverage, also for practical activities. Application forms will be available at www.uninsubria.it (April 2007) Dept. of Cardiac Sciences, Ospedale di Circolo e Fondazione Macchi, Insubria University. Viale Borri, 57, 21100 Varese Tel. +39-0332-278934- 219071- 219-062

> ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY AND CARDIAC ELECTROSTIMULATION University of Insubria in Varese - www.uninsubria.it



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VASCULAR DISEASES

Addressed doctors General to Practitioners, Cardiologists and specialists in Internal Medicine, Geriatrics, General and Vascular Surgery as well as Neurologists interested to Angiology, this II Level Master on Vascular Disease provides 120 Credit and 3.000 hours of teaching (1500+1500) in two years as lessons, seminars and practical activities. Registration fee is 4.000,00 Euro for the 2 years, and students may vary from 8 to the maximum of 16. Topics are: anatomy, histology, physiology, pathology, pathophysiology and clinics, non invasive and invasive diagnostics, medical and interventional therapy. Practical activities will be performed in the Division of Cardiovascular Disease, and will include exposure to electrocardiography, arterial and venous Echocolor Doppler, transcranial Echocolor Doppler, treadmill test, capillaroscopy, radiologic imaging, etc. Students evaluation will occur at the end of each module, while the final examination, after a thesis discussion, will be followed by the University Diploma of the II Level Master in Vascular Disease.

NON INVASIVE CARDIAC DIAGNOSTICS

Addressed General Practitioners. to Cardiologists, Anaesthesiologists, as well as Specialists Internal Medicine, Emergence Medicine, Geriatrics, General and Vascular Surgery, Cardiac Surgery and Neurology interested to Non invasive cardiac and vascular Diagnostics with ECG, Holter monitoring, Stress testing, Cardiopulmonary stress testing, Eco-Doppler TTE and TEE, stress echo, contrast echo, myocardial scintigraphy, MR, angio-MR, CT and angio CT, EBCT, and so on. This II level Master has 120 Credits and requires a registration fee of 4.000,00 Euro, for 2 years. Students' number ranges from 8 to a maximum of 16. Teaching consists of 3.000 hours organized in modules with formal lessons, seminars, practical activities and self-teaching hours on cardiovascular anatomy and histology, physiology, pathology and pathophysiology, diseases of the heart and great arteries, non invasive and invasive diagnostics and imaging, interventional therapy, rehabilitation, medical and surgical therapy. Students evaluation will occur at the end of each module, while the final examination, after a thesis discussion, will be followed by the University Diploma of the II Level Master in Non Invasive Diagnostics in Cardiology.

Tor Vergata University in Rome www.uniroma2.it INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY

Interventional Cardiology, a modern modality to treat cardiac diseases, requires postspecialist expertise. This II Level Master deeply introduces to all the aspects of Coronary, Valvular and Electrical interventional therapies, with adequate training in Percutaneous approaches. Other techniques (Echo, Multislice CAT scanning, MR Imaging) as well as Molecular Biology will be covered in the program which is structured in 2 semesters, being the first one (Coronary Interventions: Materials, Methods, Results, Clinical trials; Valvular Interventions: Mitral, Aortic, Pulmonic Valvuloplasty and Replacement. Methods, Results, Clinical Trials; Closing Devises: Atrial Septal Defect/PFO, VSD, PDA. Methods, Results, Clinical Trials) and the second one (Percutaneous Interventions for Arrythmias and Electrostimulation: Materials, Methods, Results) strictly coordinated. The Master is addressed to Specialists in Cardiology, Medicine or equivalent gualifications obtained abroad, and will vary from 2 to 10 with some extra places reserved to people already working in the Healthcare system. The 1 year Master provides 66 Credits, after 1650hrs of study (formal lessons, seminars, practical activities, under supervision of Experts in the field of Cardiac Interventions. A fee of 3.000 Euro is required to cover also insurance for practical activities.

Cardiac Masters offered by the University of L'Aquila - www.univaq.it

NURSING IN CARDIAC CRITICAL AREA

This Master is an advanced training course in which nurses may obtain specific abilities concerning the Cardiologic Critical Area, i.e. Coronary Care Unit, Post-Cardiac Surgery Intensive Care Unit, Hemodynamic and Electrophysiologic Laboratories, settings where it is and in post-operative Intensive Care Unit. Topics Master - aimed to provide a sound expertise in essential to deal with and manage strategies at the right time and with a high quality of expertise. Topics of the Master are: Clinical Nursing in Intensive Cardiac Care Unit; Cardiovascular diagnostic tools; Scientific evidence and nursing research in cardiologic critical area; Cardiac nursing in out-of-hospital setting. Target audience is people with three year Nursing Degree or an equivalent qualification. The Master lasts one year, provides 60 Credits and requires 1500 hours of audience is represented by Specialists in Sport with 60 Credits and 1500 hours of study (formal lessons, seminars, practical activities and home study). Evaluation of students is made at the end students occurs at the end of each module. After seminars, practical activities and home study). of each module and, after the final examination with a thesis discussion, the title of "University Master in nursing in cardiologic critical area" will transesophageal echocardiography" will be released discussion is a pre-requisite before obtaining the be provided by the University of L'Aquila.

PERI-OPERATIVE TRANSESOPHAGEAL ECHO

compared to other imaging techniques in cardiac arrhythmias, valvular heart diseases, the final examination with a thesis discussion, Evaluation of students occurs at the end of each by the University of L'Aquila.

SPORT CARDIOLOGY

Addressed to Specialists in Anaesthesiology Non eligibility for agonistic activity is usually or Cardiology, this II Level Master provides the cardiovascular in origin and, moreover, several expertise for evaluating and monitoring people with cardiovascular diseases (i.e. HBP or cardiovascular diseases in peri-operative phases CAD) would love to practice some sport. This of the Master are: Basic principles of M-Mode, this field, both for Cardiologists and Sport 2D and Doppler echocardiography; Trans- Doctors – deals with these topics: Cardiovascular Thoracic (TTE) and Trans-Esophageal Echo adaptations to exercise in normals and in (TEE) in patients with ischemic heart disease, athletes, and in extreme conditions; Eligibility to valvular heart diseases and HF; TTE and TEE agonistic activity and cardiovascular diseases: evaluating aorta, cardiovascular emergencies and systemic hypertension, CAD, congenital heart in post-operative ICU. The Master lasts 1 year, diseases, HF; Emergencies during sports. Target study (formal lessons, seminars, practical Medicine or Cardiology. The Master lasts one activities and home study). Evaluation of year, with 60 Credits and 1500 hours (lessons, the title of "University Master in peri-operative module, and a final examination with a thesis title of "University Master in Sport Cardiology".



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SIC Ricerca

Giovani

SIC Ricerca Giovani

(SIC Search/Research Youth) is a program meant to establish a new alphabet and a new relationship for the young people who have chosen Cardiology as vocational and professional mission, implemented by the School of specialization, the Ph.D. Courses, Research Grants, and so on. Limited to doctors younger than 30 years, these people will be selected by the Directors of Specialty School(s) on the basis of specific attitude in dealing with research topics in the respective University. Each selected Cardiologist in training will take active part - in Rome - to a meeting where - under the coordination of a session Scientists he/she will present and will discuss among peers his/her research work, from idea, rationale, methodology, results, etc. As the end of much seniors, all young cardiologists are encouraged to submit ideas in synergy and to create focus groups as well as sharing scientific interests networks people.

SIC STAGE: do know your cardiology a little more!

In Italy, after the training undertaken during the Medical School and during the internship, before the final doctoral diploma, the cultural and professional track of Medical Doctors for General Medicine (MMG = Medici di Medicina Generale) does not include any further period of training in Cardiology. All this happens, despite cardiovascular diseases represent the highest cause of morbidity and mortality in industrialized countries. On the other end, the most relevant number of Cardiologists working in major hospitals named for the Italian law hospital-university enterprises (*Aziende Miste Ospedale-Università*) do take care of patients and, at the same time, teach novelties and perform clinical research in an environment which is not usually attended by MMG. It is our opinion that continuous education of Family Doctors should be an essential and integral part of their activity for a qualified healthcare

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profession. Such a continuous educational activity must be undertaken not only outside, but also inside the Cardiology settings within the hospitals. Such an activity will surely help them to fill in

them to m m t h e existing cultural g a p which, in recent years, has increased inasmuch, Cardiology his continously and profoundly changing thanks to technological innovations, basic research and hyperspecialization of the field. Being among the most advanced medical speciality, Cardiology - more than other branches - suffers from the lack of communication between Centers of excellence and general medicine on the ground. The *SIC STAGE* will be mainly concentrated to practical sessions undertaken in the following hospital settings, though specific requests may be dealt for the individual need of Cardiology training: Echocardiography, Electrophysiology, Electrostimolation, Ergometry, Holter Monitoring, Haemodynamics and Interventional Cardiology, Clinical Ward, Coronary Care Unit. In addition, in the afternoon sessions, MMG's will have the opportunity to attend and be exposed to outpatient clinics.

SITES AND SCHEDULING

Bologna 14-16 June / 20-22 September / 25-27 October Hospital S. Orsola / A. BRANZI - C. RAPEZZI Modena 17-19 May / 18-20 October / 22-24 November Policlinic Hospital of Modena / M.G. MODENA - R. ROSSI Rome 9-11 October Hospital S. Andrea / M. VOLPE Brescia 19-23 June / 11-15 September / 2-6 October Cardiology of Spedali Civili / L. DEI CAS - M. METRA Varese 7-9 June / 4-6 October / 8-10 November Cardiology of Hospital of Circolo / J. A. SALERNO-URIARTE Milan 26-28 October Cardiology of Monzino / C. FIORENTINI Turin 9-11 October Hospital S. Giovanni Battista Molinette / G. TREVI Bari 2-4 November Policlinic Hospital / S. FAVALE



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TEACHING ACTIVITIES OF SIC

GUIDELINES ON ATRIAL FIBRILLATION

Atrial fibrillation is the most common arrhythmia in clinical practice and, in recent years, the level of knowledge about it has grown up significantly, both on pathophysiology and on clinical ground. At the same time, there has been a remarkable improvement of either pharmacological or with ablator approach, though with different levels of efficacy. In order to enhance and optimize the treatment of atrial fibrillation, AIAC, on December 2004, has nominated a Committee with the objective to update the Guidelines on atrial fibrillation. Such a Committee - in a number of meetings, plenary sessions, teleconferences and an effective interoperability among its members - has produced a document which reflects the opinion of all the participants merged in a shared text. Such Guidelines are now being presented and discussed in the meetings occurring in the Italian macro-areas of SIC. The recommendations put forward are evidence-based from data published on cardiological and medical journals. Classical criteria have been adopted to define evidences and guidelines, as already made at international level, though eliminating Class III. In some instances, it may happen that there could be alternative approaches to follow, although with the same level of recommendations. For such cases, the decision has to be taken not only together with patients, who needs to be informed, but also taking into account psychological and professional aspects. The recently published guidelines* for managing patients with AF (ACC/AHA/ESC 2006) were developed in collaboration with the European Heart Rhythm Association and the Heart Rhythm Society. They will be discussed - under the format of Round Tables - during the following specific meetings, all to be held on September 23, 2006 in these cites:

Napoli Centro Cardiologia - A.O. Monaldi, R. Calabrò Taormina Hotel Ramada - Giardini Naxos / G. Oreto Roma Chatolic University Sacro Cuore / F. Crea Firenze Aula di Clinica Medica / L. Padeletti
Sassari Facoltà di Medicina, Aula Magna / A. Ganau, G. Mercuro Bologna S. Orsola Hospital / A. Branzi
Milano San Paolo Hospital / F. Lombardi
*Dates of recent publications: August 15, 2006: Circulation August 16, 2006: JACC and Eur Heart J.

GUIDELINES FOR PCI

(Percutaneous Coronary Intervention)

GUIDELINES ON ACUTE AND CHRONIC HEART FAILURE

The Guidelines - approved by the Committee for Practice Guidelines - of ESC describe the rationale on which diagnosis and treatment of heart failure should be based in the adult population. They have been written by Specialists who operate in different European countries - and a good number of them are Italians - rich of expertise in the field. In the task force, which made the Guidelines available, there were also members of Heart Failure Association of the ESC as well as members of European Society on Intensive Care (ESICM). Preceeded by a Pilot meeting on Acute and Chronic HF held in Milan (Nov 5 05) and in Varese (Nov 19 05), the GL will diffused and discussed in the following sites:

ACUTE HF: May 6 2006 - L'Aquila, Palermo, Bari, Roma, Perugia, Cagliari, Modena, Pavia, Padova and Novara.

CHRONIC HF: - May 27 2006 - L'Aquila, Palermo, Foggia, Roma, Pisa, Sassari, Ferrara, Brescia, Trieste and Genova.

CARDIO-PULMONARY RESUSCITATION COURSES

In Italy, cardiac arrest counts 70.000 cases per year and remains a dramatic event as in all other countries. Being an emergency that happens unexpected and so rapidly, there is very little time to counteract it efficiently, with cardio-pulmonary resuscitation. Each minute that goes by from the onset of the cardiac arrest reduces by 10% the possibility to save patient's life. To rescue cardiac arrest victims, all potential operators should be put in the conditions to promptly use an automatic defibrillator, as it is an essential tool to treat VF or VT without pulse. Early defibrillation represents the crucial ring of the survival chain which links the territory to the hospital. Semiautomatic defibrillators are devices capable to diagnose potentially fatal arrhythmias; with very high levels of

These Guidelines - meant to provide the rationale for the interventional coronary procedures in adult population - have been produced by Specialists who, with these techniques, take care of patients in different settings and different centers of several countries, Italy among others. Approved by the Committee for Practice Guidelines of ESC, these Guidelines may be considered as an Expert Consensus Document presented and discussed in meetings held in the followings Italian cities on July 8, 2006: Napoli, Palermo, Catanzaro, Roma, Siena, Cagliari, Modena, Varese, Verona, Torino.

specificity and sensibility, which permit their diffusion among laymen. All studies demonstrate that semiautomatic defibrillators have significantly increased the percentage of survival rate. Along with AHA and ILCOR Guidelines (Circulation 2000), the Italian Ministry of Health - in order to reduce the number of deaths due to cardiac-respiratory arrest - has published the basic criteria for organizing early defibrillation courses both for medical operators and for laymen.

A course has been held in ROME at the site of SIC on the 27th June 2006. An additional BLS-D course for ISTRUCTORS will be held in ROME on the 19-20 September 2006, while an ACLS course will be held on 17-18 October 2006.

OTHER SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS OF 2006 ORGANIZED TO UPDATE CARDIOLOGISTS

Roma Hotel Eden - 1 April - E. Martuscelli

- Aggiornamenti in cardiologia: dai risultati dei grandi trials alla pratica clinica
- Sassari Camera di Commercio 29 September A. Ganau L. Meloni
- La rete per le emergenze cardiocircolatorie
- Cagliari Camera di Commercio 30 September A. Ganau L. Meloni
- La gestione del paziente ad alto rischio cardiovascolare
- Genova Villa Spinola 07 October A. Barsotti Focus on morte improvvisa e sindromi ischemiche acute
- Copanello L. (CZ) Villaggio Guglielmo 21 October R. Ortuso
- Update 2006 in Malattie Cardiovascolari

Foggia Sala Congressi Fiera di Foggia - 21 October - M. Di Biase Controversie in cardiologia / Nursing e cardiologia Napoli Hotel Palazzo Alabardieri - 27 October: R. Calabrò, M. Chiariello Focus on: sincope, fibrillazione atriale, scompenso cardiaco Siena Centro Didattico Policlinico Le Scotte - 28 October - M. Marzilli Ruolo del microcircolo nelle patologie cardiache Chieti - Hotel Villa Maria - 03 November - R. De Caterina Aggiornamenti in tema di Cardiopatia Ischemia Novara Centro Congressi Banca P. di Novara - 10 November - P. Marino La placca e la sindrome coronarica acuta Ecocardiografia ed elettrofisiologia nell'insufficienza cardiaca Soave (VR) Auditorium Borgo Covergnino - 18 November - L. Daliento La cardiologia del III millennio: troppi interventisti? Catania - Hotel Sheraton - 18 November - G. Giuffrida

Lezioni di aggiornamento in cardiologia con gli esperti



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OPPORTUNITIES

TO STUDY CARDIOLOGY FOR YOUNG DOCTORS

In addition to the grants from the institutional bodies (MIUR, Ministero della Salute, Regions, etc.) and from private funding SIC offers a number of opportunities that might be, exploited by Junior Doctors in order to attend Specialty Schools, PhD's and Master Programs.

Applications should be sent by mail (R/R) to: Scientific Secretariat of SIC, via Po 24 - 00198 Roma or they should be e-mailed to the following address: segreteriascientifica@sicardiologia.it

THE ITALIAN SOCIETY OF CARDIOLOGY SCHOLARSHIPS

- 2 Scholarships of 3 months, to be spent in Italian Institutions (euro 3.000,00);
- 2 Scholarships of 6 months, to be spent in Italian Institutions (euro 6.000,00);
- 2 Scholarships of 6 months, to be spent in an Institution abroad (euro 12.000,00);
- 2 Scholarships of 1 year, to be spent in an Institution abroad (euro 30.000,00).

Scholarships - reserved to Members of SIC below 36 years of age at December 31st 2006 - are meant to enhance the knowledge of therapeutic and diagnostic methods, and to get expertise in experimental and clinical research, with protocols aimed to study cardiovascular diseases. Deadline: September 10th, 2006.

SIC SCHOLARSHIPS FOR PH.D.'S IN CARDIOLOGICAL AREAS

SIC offers 2 Scholarships (euro 15.000,00 each) of 12 months for Ph.D.'s Students in Cardiovascular Sciences which have a Training Grant in progress. Deadline: September 10th, 2006

PRIZE FOR PH.D.'S AND/OR SPECIALISTS IN CARDIOLOGICAL AREAS

SIC offers 2 Prizes (euro 3.000,00 each one) reserved to Members of SIC below 36 years at December 31st 2006 - who, during the last academic year, have got a MD degree in the Cardiovascular area or the Specialty in Cardiology. Deadline: November 5th, 2006.

OTHER FELLOWSHIPS, PRIZES AND GRANTS FOR SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITY

Aventis Foundation - Bristol Myers Squibb and SIC launch for competition Scholarships 8.000,00 each) training or means of development of epidemiological) cardiovascular scientifically wise.

SANOFI AVENTIS GROUP - and SIC launch 1 Prize a (euro 5.000,00) for activity 2 research on "Woman and (euro Cardiovascular Diseases". for The competition is reserved honour the memory of a scientific research, reserved to Italian citizens who are: young researcher: "Mauro to Italian citizens who are: a) younger than 40 years; a) younger than 36 at b) graduated in Medicine; c) Competition is reserved to December 31st 2006; b) Specialists in progress or Italian citizens who are: graduated in biomedical specialized in Cardiology; d) a) younger than 40 years areas; c) Members of SIC; Ph.D. in progress or Ph.D. at December 31st 2006; d) aiming to improve their titled in Cardiovascular b) graduated in Medicine; their Research, e) aiming to c) Specialist in progress or specialization in basics or undertake a scientific study specialized in Cardiology; clinical research area, by (experimental, clinical and/or d) Ph.D. in progress or on Ph.D. topics, Cardiovascular Diseases in Cardiovascular Research. Woman.

Art 8 CARDIOLOGY ASSOCIATION and SIC launch 1 Prize (euro 8.000,00) for Atrial Fibrillation Research to Villani".

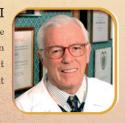
titled in Deadline: Sept. 10th, 06.

Deadline: Sept. 10th, 06. Deadline: Sept. 30th, 06.

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University of Siena

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Ph.D. Courses in Cardiac Sciences

Titles, Directors, Universities and E-mail Coordinates of Ph.D. Courses in Cardiosciences Activated in Italy

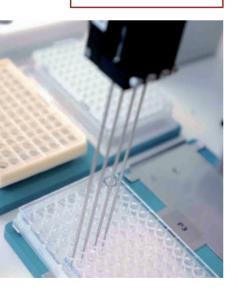
In the early '80s a Ph.D. program was introduced in the Italian University system as a third level of academic education, with the aim to train and qualify graduates for a career of scientists. difference from foreign A+ countries, where Ph.D. programs in Medicine are devoted mostly to Basic Sciences (Biochemistry, Microbiology, Genetics, etc.), in Italy Ph.D. Courses were implemented also in the clinical setting, to qualify physicians as Philosophy Doctors, in other words to foster the figures of M.D.-Ph.D. Clearly the intention was to promote Science in Medicine and to favour the translation from experimental biology to applied medicine as well as the technological transfer.

The Ph.D. Course is 3-year long and consists both of a basic science learning (statistics, genetics, immunology, cell biology, virology, etc), with lectures - seminars, and a laboratory-bench work. The final product is a thesis on a novel investigation, to be defended in front of a National Committee.

The scholars are supported by a grant of 12.000 Euro per year. Half of the period may be spent abroad in foreign laboratories and in research. Such a case, the grant is increased by 50%. Usually this money is not enough and additional grant are searched for. Tutors take the over responsibility of research training of the scholars, with labs, topics of research and special assignment. So far, no special Ph.D-M.D. courses have been ufficialty established to allow the graduate students to make contemporary a Ph.D. and an M.D. track. As per now, a Ph.D. program cannot be shared even during the specialty of in Cardiology. The system is such that, if one would like to become M.D.-Ph.D. cardiologist, he should first graduate (M.D.), then take the diploma in Cardiology and eventually enter the Ph.D. Course of Cardiosciences. That is an overall of 13 years to become M.D.-Ph.D., usually not before the age of 32. Despite this non-sense most of Ph.D's in Cardiosciences become either Assistant Professors in the Academic Centers and Universities or Consultants in Hospitals.

Thus, the goal to have scientists in Cardiology has been eventually reached. Luck or italian fantasy?

> Gaetano THIENE MD, FRCP Hon



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Biologia e Fisiopatologia Vascolare University of Perugia Paolo GRESELE (grespa@unipg.it)

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WORKING GROUPS OF SIC

On 2003, following a scheme of the ESC WG, the Italian Society of Cardiology created its own Working Groups, with some innovations related to Geriatric Cardiology and Cadiovascular Diseases in Women.

Arterial Hypertension and the Heart Giovanni DE SIMONE simogi@unina.it

Cardiac Surgery

Antonio BARSOTTI a.barsotti@med.unipi.it

Cardiology in the Elderly Antonio STRANO novosav@unipa.it

Cardiovascular Anatomy and Pathology Ornella LEONE, oleone@aosp.bo.it

Cardiovascular Disease in Women Giuseppe ROSANO giuseppe.rosano@sanraffaele.it

Cellular Biology of the Heart Cristina BASSO, cristina.basso@unipd.it

Clinical Epidemiology and Cardiovascular Prevention

Salvatore NOVO, novosav@unipa.it Clinical Pharmacology

Claudio BORGHI, claudio@med.unibo.it Congenital Heart Disease

Luciano DALIENTO, luciano.daliento@unipd.it Ecocardiography

Maurizio GALDERISI, mgalderi@unina.it

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For information on the Working Groups, please contact the Office for Working Groups, the Coordinator of the WG Committee or the WG Chairperson. Coordinates of all these persons are available on the SIC WEB and in the booklet.

Membership of the WG

Requests should be sent to the Chairman of the WG of interest. Any application will be discussed by the Nucleus and approved by the General Assembly of the WG. Application forms are available at institutional website www.sicardiologia.it Functionally, the WG's operate under the guide of their Nuclei and Coordinators, reporting at the same time to the Ad hoc Committee chaired by S. NOVO and composed by P. AGOSTONI, A. GANAU,

Electrophysiology, Arrhythmias, Cardiac Pacing

Luigi PADELETTI, lpadeletti@interfree.it

Emergency

Igino GENUINI, igino.genuini@uniroma1.it Exercise, Sport and Rehabilitation Cardiology Marco GUAZZI.

marco.guazzi@unimi.it Heart Valve

Diseases Pier A. GIOFFRI

Interventional Cardiology Francesco ROMEO

romeocerabino@tin.it

Metabolic Abnormalities, Vascular Biology, Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis Alberico L. CATAPANO

alberico.catapano@unimi.it

Microcirculation

Mario MARZILLI, marzilli@unisi.it

C. RAPEZZI, F. ROMEO and M. SANTOMAURO. On December 2005, the General Assembly

of SIC renewed WG's Chairmen, as follows:

Myocardial Function, Cardiomyopathies and Heart Failure Marco METRA metramarco@libero.it

NMR and CT Scans in Cardiology Francesco FEDELE francesco.fedele@uniroma1.it

> Nuclear Cardiology Alfredo R. GALASSI argalassi@virgilio.it

> > Nursing in Cardiology Enrico GIANFRANCESCHI e.gianfranceschi@auxologico.it

Peripheral Circulation Marco M. CICCONE, ciccone@tin.it

Pulmonary Circulation and Right Ventricular Function

Nazzareno GALIÈ nazzareno.galie@unibo.it

Telemedicine and Infomatics Giuseppe MOLINARI molinari@cardio.dimi.unige.it

Meetings

WG's will meet during the Annual Congress of the SIC. Each Working Group has to organise a business meeting to discuss current and future activities, while in the plenary session the Chairman of different WG's will present the activities developed during the previous year. Ad hoc scientific meetings may occur, as needed, during the year on the initiative of the Chairman or of local experts or members of the WG itself. The logistics of the SIC in Rome may be helpful to accommodate annual meeting

of the WG's Chairpersons, in order to

coordinate all the activities.

Functions of the WG

a) Promote intra or extra mural Teaching Courses on specific topics;

b) Organise multicenter research, in Italy as well as abroad;

c) Exchange scientific and educational information;

d) Contribute to the scientific set up of the Annual Congress of the SIC, proposing topics;

e) Outline and define appropriate recommendations or guidelines in the fields of interest.

HEART & CIRCULATION FOUNDATION OF SIC

Born on the 13th October 2003, HEART & CIRCULATION FOUNDATION was renewed on July 2006. Board: Salvatore NOVO, President; Mario MARZILLI Vice-President; Maria PENCO, Secretary; Roberto FERRARI and Cesare FIORENTINI, Councillors. The Scientific Council is composed by Sabino ILICETO, Coordinator, Raffaele CALABRÒ, Filippo CREA, Francesco ROMEO and Gaetano THIENE as

Members.

Aims of the Foundation - which are implemented its purposes through public and private donations, publicity campaigns addressed to public opinion and political decision makers, - are:

- Education on prevention of cardiovascular diseases, to induce lifestyle changes, more physical activity and appropriate diet regimen in the population;

- Implementation of guidelines, among the general practitioners and the cardiologists;

- Promotion and development of research on cardiovascular diseases,

Offerings of prizes, training and research fellowships for young cardiologists below 40's;
Diffusion of resuscitation and defibrillation practices to prevent sudden death;

- Cooperation with University in order to fund additional grants for Ph.D. courses;

- Participation to initiatives for the *World Heart Day*;

- Creation and consolidation of networks for multicenter studies.



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Publications

About Heart and Prevention of Cardiovascular Diseases

The Italian Society of Cardiology has a longstanding editorial policy and tradition, involving four main publication areas, one of which is specifically meant for the general public.



The official quarterly bulletin, Sic Simpliciter, is a direct link with own society Members. it provides updates on all the institutional, scientific Dir: Antonio STRANO Editor-in-Chief: Claudio RAPEZZI and educational activities of SIC and includes also general articles on medical history and hot topics in Cardiology.

In sinergy with ANMCO, SIC is actively involved in the Giornale Italiano di Cardiologia and in the Journal of Cardiovascular Medicine, peer-review publications of Italian Federation of Cardiology, published in Italian and English, respectively.

Sic et Simpliciter

crapezzi@orsola-malpighi.med.unibo.it

Stalian Cardiological Sournals

GIORNALE ITALIANO DI CARDIOLOGIA Editor-in-Chief: Giuseppe AMBROSIO giuseppe.ambrosio@ospedale.perugia.it

JOURNAL OF CARDIOVASCULAR MEDICINE Editor-in-Chief: Gian Luigi NICOLOSI gianluigi.nicolosi@aopn.fvg.it

Monographs on individual diseases or specific З. topics in the field of cardiovascular pathophysiology and treatment are published by SIC. Five booklets have appeared in the last 5 years:

- Arrhythmogenic Cardiomyopathy;
- Cardiac and Vascular Hypertrophy in Hypertension;
- Pathophysiology and Clinical Relevance of the Endothelium;
- Cardiac Remodeling;
- Interventional Cardiology;
- Cardiac Tumors.

Monographs

CARDIOMIOPATIA ARITMOGENA Ipertrofia del Cuore e dei vasi nell'Ipertensione L'endotelio - Fisiopatologia e Valore Clinico IL RIMODELLAMENTO CARDIACO LA CARDIOLOGIA INTERVENTISTICA TUMORI DEL CUORE

SIC is actively involved in producing books for 4. the general public, mainly dealing with the importance of a sound diet. These publications promote *healthy* eating in an enjoyable way, in an attempt to overcome the bad hair-shirt image commonly associated with dietary advices. Two books are already available: a) The heart in the plate;

b) The heart's cooking.

Books for the Public

IL CUORE NEL PIATTO LA CUCINA DEL CUORE

To obtain any book of these, please, refer to segreteriascientifica@sicardiologia.it



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SCHOLARS IN CARDIOLOGY

Many scientific societies since years have established various positions among their own members, with the aim to distinguish different levels of scientific and cultural profile and to stimulate ambition and competition among the young people. The term Fellow was usually employed as a distinguished member. The Italian Society

of Cardiology felt the need to create a peculiar distinctive figure with an academic value among its own members, in keeping with its institutional mission. The name of Scholar in Cardiology was introduced to underlie that the worthy people should possess outstanding merits in science. The prestigious acknowledgement was

introduced in 2002 and reserved to members of the Society aged less than 50 vears, with an international reputation, who have published significant contributions in top journals, collecting an overall impact factor over 200.

Usually no more than four to six scholars a year are nominated.

Winners of Scholars in Cardiology





CRISTINA BASSO

Padua University

Bologna University



Alfredo R. GALASSI

Catania University

GIUSEPPE BORIANI ALIDA L.P. CAFORIO Padua University





CRISTINA CHIMENTI FRANCESCO COSENTINO Rome University



PERRONE FILARDI Naples University



GIUSEPPE ROSANO IRCCS SRH Rome



NAZZARENO GALIÈ Bologna University



PAOLO GOLINO Naples University



Rome University



PAOLO VOCI Rome University



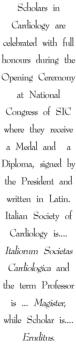
SPERANZA D. RUBATTU Rome University



SILVIA G. PRIORI Pavia University



MARCO METRA Brescia University







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DE CATERINA Chieti University



GAETANO A. LANZA Catholic University Rome

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- 21 MATTIOLI Anna Vittoria 2 MESSINA Luigi 23 METRA Marco 14 MICHELUCCI Antonio 24 MONDILLO Sergio 4 MORUZZI Paolo 15 MUSACCI Gianfranca NAMI Renato 24 25 NAVA Andrea 23 NODARI Savina 14 PADELETTI Luigi 9 PALARETI Gualtiero 1 PANNARALE Giuseppe 1 PASTORE Luciano Raffaele 18 PEDRINELLI Roberto 18 PETRONIO Anna Sonia 11 PISCIONE Federico 26 PONTE Euro 19 PRIORI Silvia Giuliana 23 RADDINO Riccardo RAIMONDI Francesco 2 RAPEZZI Claudio 9 25 RAZZOLINI Renato 5 REBUZZI Antonio Giuseppe 19 RECUSANI Franco 5 SANDRIC Sima 22 SAU Franco 5 SCHIAVONI Giovanni 20 SHEIBAN Imad 26 SINAGRA Gianfranco 19 VANOLI Emilio VILLATICO CAMPBELL Stefano stefano.villatico@uniroma1.it 1 5 ZECCHI Paolo
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Verona	21.	Modena an
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1942-1949	D.	Cesa Bianchi
1950-1951	D.	Cesa Bianchi
1952-1964	L.	Condorelli
1965-1975	L.	Condorelli
1976-1977	C.	Bartorelli
1978-1979	V.	Puddu

1980-1981 A. Reale 1982-1983 P. F. Angelino 1984 A. Strano 1985 A. Dagianti 1986 A. Cherchi 1987 P. Rizzon 1988 P. Zardini

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1991	G.	Mattioli
1992	М.	Mariani
1993	G.	Giuffrida
1994	А.	Iacono
1995-1996	А.	Brusca

1997-1998 S. Caponnetto 1998 M. Guazzi 1999-2000 P. J. Schwartz 2001-2002 M. Chiariello 2003-2004 M. Guazzi 2004 M. Chiariello 2005-2006 M. G. Modena

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Giorgio MATTIOLI Attilio REALE Paolo RIZZON Antonio STRANO Odoardo VISIOLI



New Membership of SIC

For information and application forms, please, refer to www.sicardiologia.it



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Maria Grazia MODENA President



Alberto BALBARINI Vice President

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General Secretary



Treasurer



Francesco ARRIGO

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PROBIVIRI Antonio BARSOTTI Matteo DI BIASE

Francesco FEDELE Corrado TAMBURINO Piero ZARDINI

AUDITORS

Aldo IACONO Maurizio SANTOMAURO Corrado VASSANELLI

SIC is grateful to all those who have contributed to the preparation of this booklet which is meant to offer useful information, at hand

academic and concise, on the Cardiology in Italy as well as on its of renovation and of process internationalization.

A special mention goes to Alessandro **DISTANTE** of Pisa University, distinguished Member of the Teaching & Training Committee of SIC, as well as Member of the Nominating Committee of the ESC 2005-2006, for having

TALIAN SOCIETY Lawia it

Economic and Financial Francesco ARRIGO

Relations with the SIC Regional Sections Ciro INDOLFI

> Congress Organization Massimo VOLPE

> > Working Groups Salvatore NOVO

Teaching and Training Jorge A. SALERNO URIARTE

Acknowledgements

outlined and implemented this project with passion, abnegation, trust in the final result, respect for institutional roles and with strong sense of duty.

Warm thanks go to Scientific Secretariat of SIC, to ISBEM of Brindisi and to Graphic Designers of Demo Agency of Mesagne for the excellent committment. They did work in great synergy, efficaciously, for the common goal to produce a tool - rich of positive messages in a season of vacations but also of positive thinking - for all Cardiologists, in Italy as well as worldwide. Just a fantastic team!



Jorge A. SALERNO





Società Italiana di Cardiologia

